



Food Safety Aspects of Integrated Food Systems

28 – 30 SEPTEMBER 2021, Parma

Holistic ERA - landscape modelling and monitoring: the case of bees

Agnes Rortais, EFSA



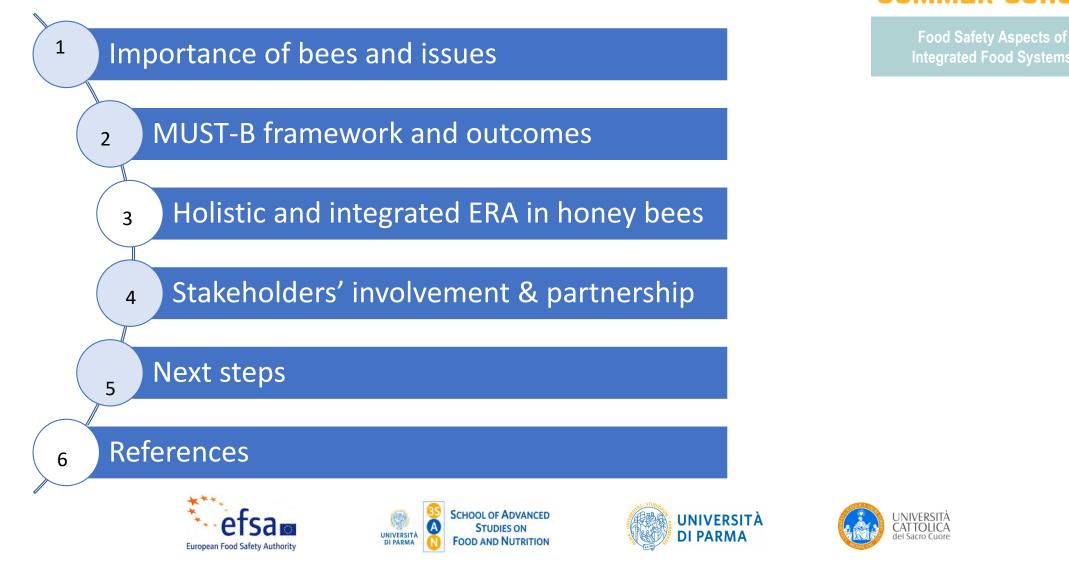


SCHOOL OF ADVANCED STUDIES ON FOOD AND NUTRITION





Overview



Importance of bees



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84% of crop species cultivated in EU depends on **insect pollinators**, **especially bees**¹

The economic value of insect pollination in EU equals to 14.2 billion $\ensuremath{\in}^2$



Global pollinator declines³ and worldwide honey bee colony losses (up to 30%)^{4, 5} impact ecosystem functioning and human well-being

¹Williams, 1994; ²Gallai et al., 2009; ³Potts et al., 2010; ⁴Laurent et al., 2016; ⁵Steinhauer et al., 2014









Issues

Multiple stressors affecting bees



- Biological agents
- Chemicals
- Modulating factors
- Several applications per crop and over time
- Bees foraging in the landscape (over several crops) are exposed to multiple pesticide residues over time







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Complexity of the landscape



Advancing the environmental risk assessment of pesticides

<u>Regulation EC 1107/2009</u> (EU-level approval and national-level authorisation) & <u>Directive 2009/128/EC</u> (sustainable Use Directive)

EFSA Guidance Documents on <u>risk assessment of PPPs in bees</u> (currently under revision), on <u>combined exposure to multiple</u> <u>chemicals</u> and <u>combined exposure to multiple stressors</u>

EU Green Deal calls for :

addressing combined effects from multiple pollutants; reducing the use and risk of chemical pesticides











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MUST-B

EU efforts towards a holistic and integrated risk assessment approach of multiple stressors in bees



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- 2015: internal EFSA mandate
- 2018: European Parliament mandate and scientific opinion on "A systems-based approach to the environmental risk assessment of multiple stressors in honey bees"¹
- Terms of reference:
 - Develop a methodology for honey bees on cumulative and synergistic (+ acute, chronic and sublethal) effects of pesticides in combination with other stressors
 - Provide guidance to stakeholders for harmonised data collection and evidence-based risk assessments

¹ EFSA Scientific Committee et al., 2021

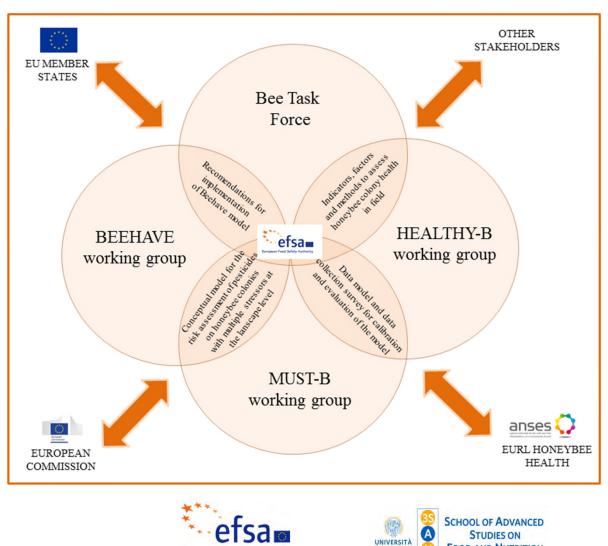








MUST-B framework



European Food Safety Authority



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- Multi-disciplinary task force of EFSA staff across scientific units/dpts
- Several working group of **external experts** across sectors
- Stakeholders' engagement
- Collaborations with MS, EC, EP

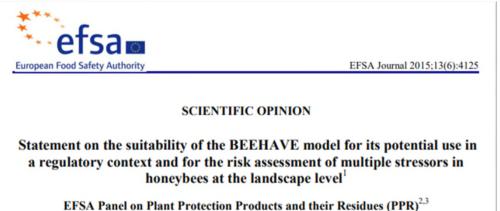


FOOD AND NUTRITION

DI PARMA



BEEHAVE & MUST-B



European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Parma, Italy

This scientific output, published on 03 November 2015, replaces the earlier version published on 25 June 2015*



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TECHNICAL REPORT

APPROVED: 18 July 2016



PUBLISHED: 28 July 2016

A mechanistic model to assess risks to honeybee colonies from exposure to pesticides under different scenarios of combined stressors and factors





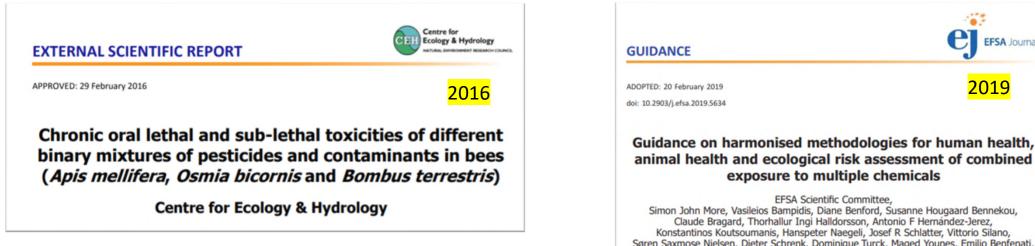




Chemical mixtures & bees



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Konstantinos Koutsoumanis, Hanspeter Naegeli, Josef R Schiatter, Vittorio Silano, Søren Saxmose Nielsen, Dieter Schrenk, Dominique Turck, Maged Younes, Emilio Benfenati, Laurence Castle, Nina Cedergreen, Anthony Hardy, Ryszard Laskowski, Jean Charles Leblanc, Andreas Kortenkamp, Ad Ragas, Leo Posthuma, Claus Svendsen, Roland Solecki, Emanuela Testai, Bruno Dujardin, George EN Kass, Paola Manini, Maryam Zare Jeddi, Jean-Lou CM Dorne and Christer Hogstrand

More to be presented by JL Dorne on 29 Sept....









HEALTHY-B & MUST-B

SCIENTIFIC OPINION

ADOPTED: 13 September 2016

doi: 10.2903/j.efsa.2016.4578

Assessing the health status of managed honeybee colonies (HEALTHY-B): a toolbox to facilitate harmonised data collection

EFSA Panel on Animal Health and Welfare (AHAW)

EXTERNAL SCIENTIFIC REPORT

AARHUS UNIVERSITY

VANCED

FRITION

bN

EFSA Journal

APPROVED: 24 June 2021 doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2021.EN-6695

Research project on field data collection for honey bee colony model evaluation

Dupont Yoko L¹, Capela Nuno², Kryger Per¹, Alves Joana², Axelsen Jørgen A¹, Balslev Mette G¹, Bruus Marianne¹, Castro Silvia², Frederiksen Julie¹, Groom Geoff B¹, Jeppesen Annika S¹, Lichtenberg-Kraag Birgit⁴, Lopes Sara², Pinto M. Alice³, Alves da Silva Antonio², Strandberg Beate¹, Sørensen Peter Borgen¹, Sousa José Paulo²

¹ Aarhus University, Denmark, ² Instituto do Ambiente Tecnologia e Vida at University of Coimbra, Portugal, ³ Centro de Investigação de Montanha, Instituto Politécnico de Bragança, Portugal, ⁴ Länderinstitut für Bienenkunde, Germany



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APPROVED: 17 May 2017 doi:10.2908/sp.etu.2017.6N-1284

Specifications for field data collection contributing to honey bee model corroboration and verification

European Food Safety Authority





Holistic and integrated ERA for honey bees Stakeholders involvement • DATA Scientific literature **Research data** • \gg ApisRAM model calibrated with field SYSTEMS-BASED data **APPROACH** MODELLING MONITORING Science Base Sentinel bee hives Ecology Demography Physiology Behaviour Chemical residues Landscape Biological agents Weather Toxicology DATA For predictive and post-authorisation risk assessments of pesticides SCHOOL OF ADVANCED UNIVERSITÀ CATTOLICA UNIVERSITÀ A STUDIES ON **DI PARMA** UNIVERSITÀ DI PARMA del Sacro Cuore FOOD AND NUTRITION European Food Safety Authority

Field data collection to calibrate ApisRAM















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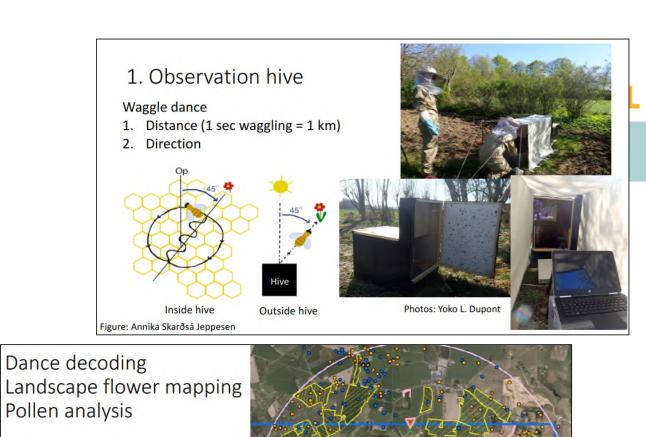


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Field operations









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Applications & benefits

Applications/benefits



- Beekeeping and farming
- Research development
- Risk assessment & risk management
- Citizens





- Beekeepers & farmers
- NGOs
- Industry,
- Practitioners associations
- Academia
- EU citizens, EC, EP, MS...









e.g. EU Bee Partnership



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The EU Bee Partnership (EUBP)



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2017: **Scientific conference** on "collecting and sharing data on bee health: towards and European Bee Partnership¹

2018: Terms of reference of the EUBP, a **stakeholders' partnership** to enhance harmonised data collection and sharing on bee health²





2021: design of a **prototype platform^{3, 4}** with a user Tutorial⁵

¹ EFSA et al., 2017; ² EFSA, 2018; ³ Simon Delso et al., 2021; ⁴ bee-ppp.eu; ⁵ Youtube link















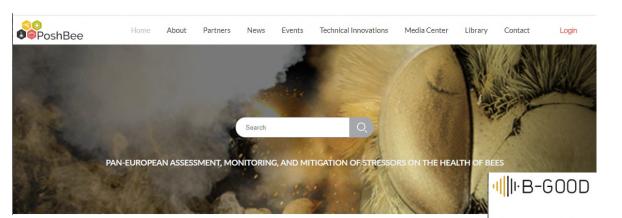




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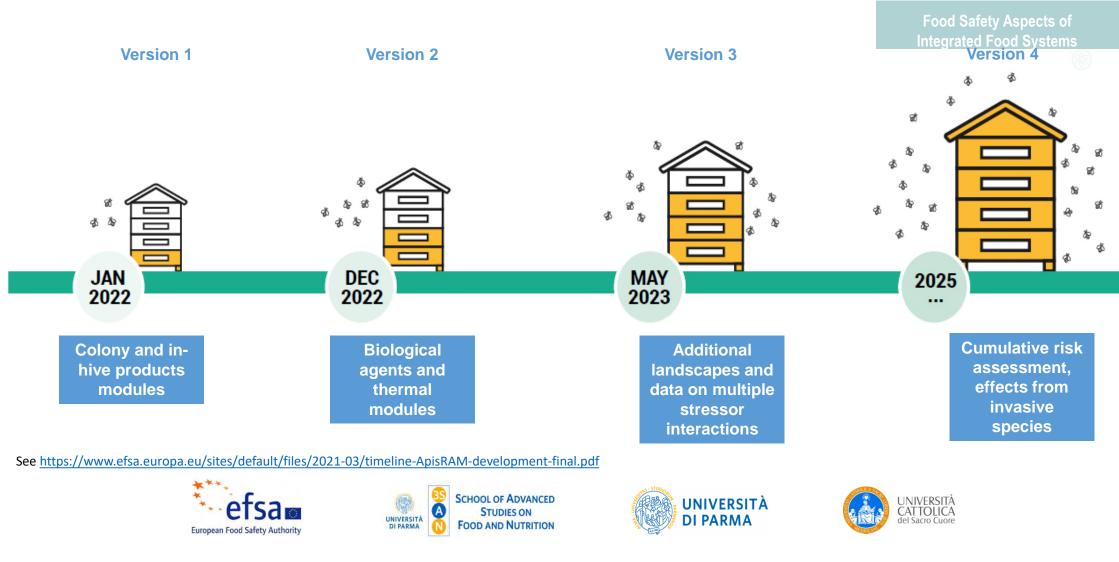






Next steps: ApisRAM development

SURAR SCHOOL



And more...



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EU Pollinator Week Conference 27-30 September 2021



© https://www.pollinatorweek.eu/resources#presentations

Revised EFSA bee guidance

New ERA approach for insect pollinators at EFSA









Publications on EFSA's website

Check <u>here</u> for all the latest news, milestones, MUSTB project and publications related to this area

Bee health

Beekeeping is an ancient tradition, and honey bees have been kept in Europe for several millennia. Bees are critically important in the environment, sustaining *biodiversity* by providing essential pollination for a wide range of crops and wild plants. They contribute to human wealth and wellbeing directly through the production of honey and other food and feed supplies such as: pollen, wax for food processing, propolis in food technology, and royal jelly as a dietary supplement and *ingredient* in food.

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) estimates that of the 100 crop <u>species</u> that provide 90% of food worldwide, 71 are pollinated by bees. The majority of crops grown in the European Union depend on insect pollination. Beyond the essential value of pollination to maintaining biodiversity, the global annual monetary value of pollination has been estimated at hundreds of billions of euros.

In view of the important ecological and economic value of bees, there is a need to monitor and maintain healthy bee stocks, not just locally or nationally, but globally.

Over the past 10 to 15 years, beekeepers have been reporting unusual weakening of bee numbers and colony losses, particularly in Western European countries including France, Belgium, Switzerland, Germany, the UK, the Netherlands, Italy and Spain.

No single cause of declining bee numbers has been identified. However, several possible contributing factors have been suggested, acting in combination or separately. These include the effects of intensive agriculture and <u>pesticide</u> use, starvation and poor bee <u>nutrition</u>, viruses, attacks by pathogens and <u>invasive species</u> – such as the Varroa mite (Varroa destructor), the Asian hornet (Vespa velutina), and the small hive beetle Aethina tumida and environmental changes (e.g. habitat fragmentation and loss).







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UNIVERSITÀ CATTOLICA del Sacro Cuore



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Acknowledgements



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MUSTB experts & EFSA staff

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Thank you!

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